



**Teaching online electronics, microcontrollers and  
programming in Higher Education**

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## **Programming of embedded systems**

### **5. Digital Thermometer I2C**

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# Programming of embedded systems

## 5. Digital thermometer I2C

## Declaration

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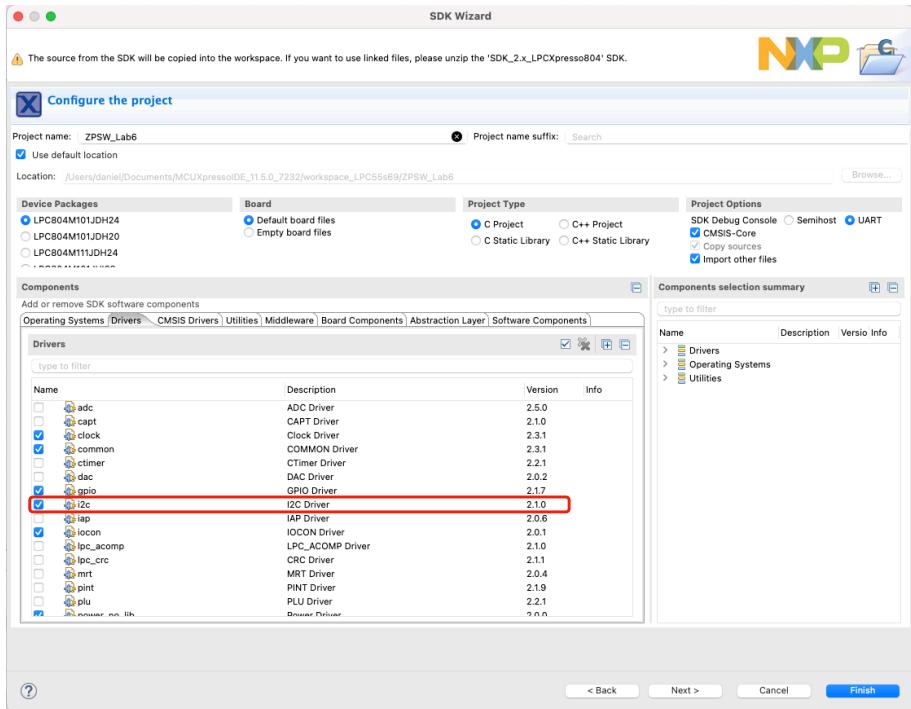
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# Programming of embedded systems

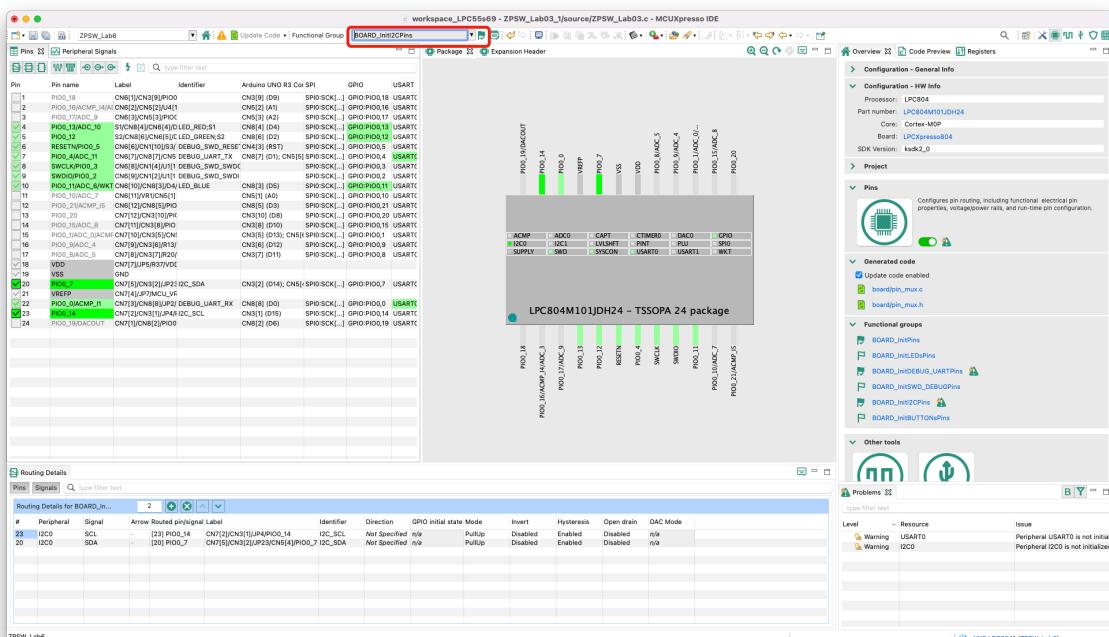
## 5. Digital thermometer I2C

### I. Configuration of the I2C interface

1. Create a new project for the *LPCXpresso804* board and name it eg *Lab05*.  
Add the *i2c* driver:



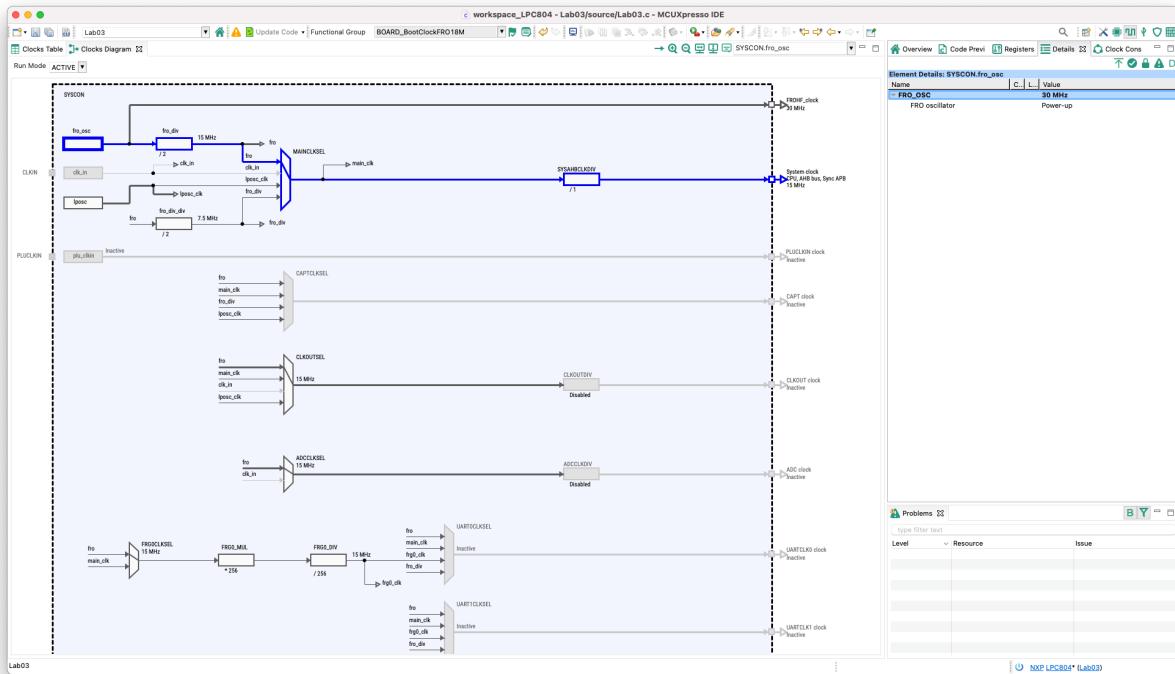
2. Go to Config Tools -> Open Pins. From the *Functional Group* menu select the *BOARD\_InitI2CPins* preset, then activate it by selecting the flag icon on the left. The window now shows the automatically configured lines connected to I2C interface:



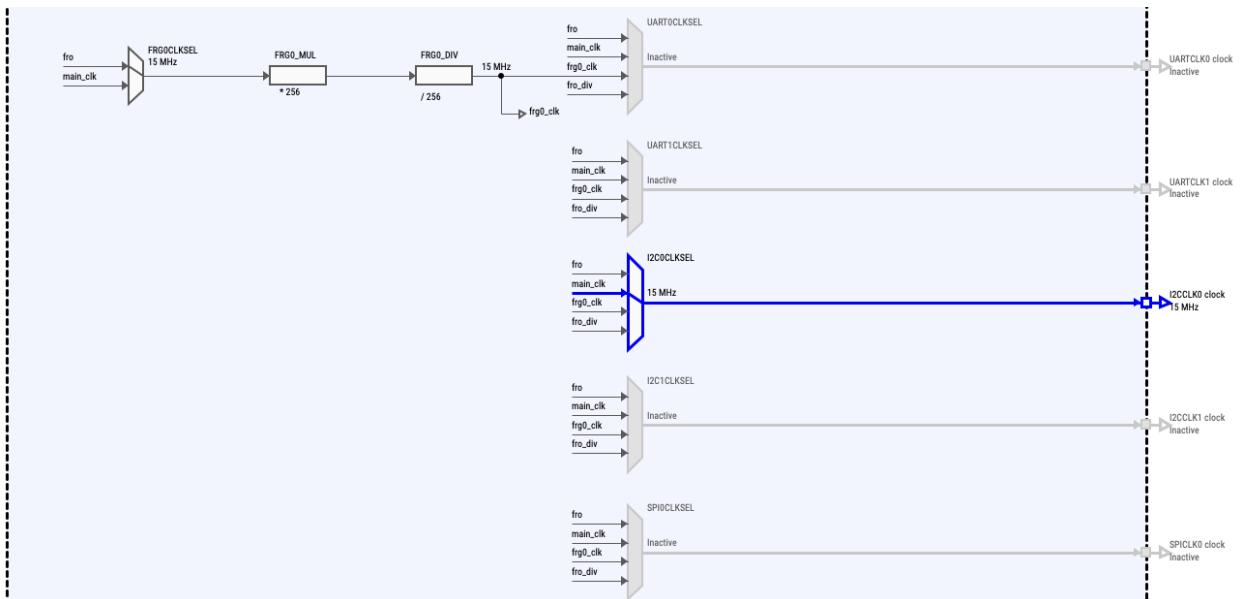
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3. Go to the *Clocks* tab and then double-click on the *FRO\_OSC* block and change the *FRO\_OSC* to 30 MHz clock:



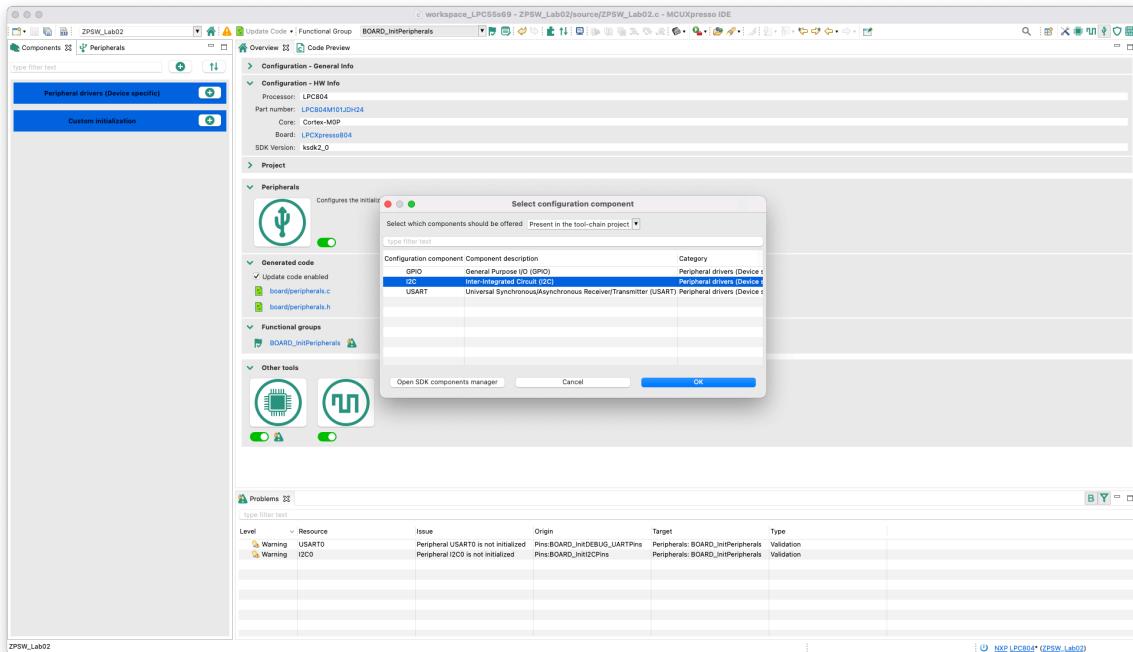
4. Next double-click on the *I2C0CLKSEL* block and set the *main\_clk* (15 MHz) clock:



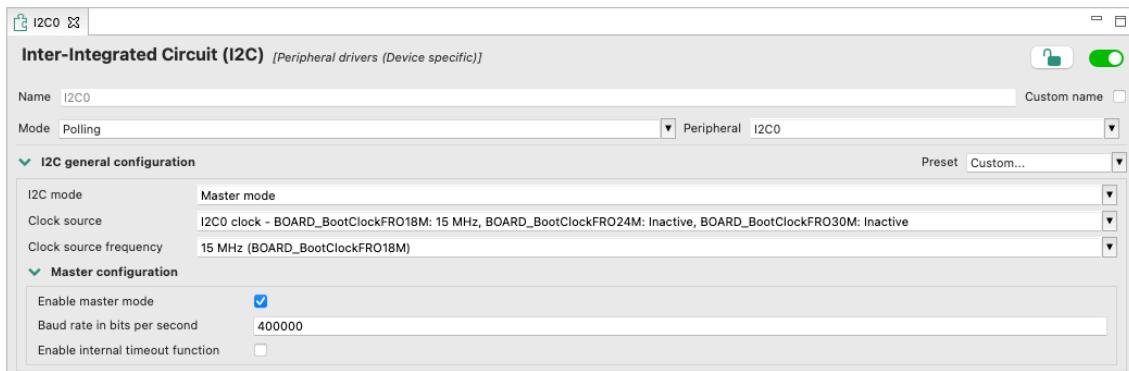
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5. Go to the Peripherals tab and then click on *Peripheral drivers* and select *I2C* from the list:



6. Select the *I2C0* interface and change the default baud rate to 400 000 bps:



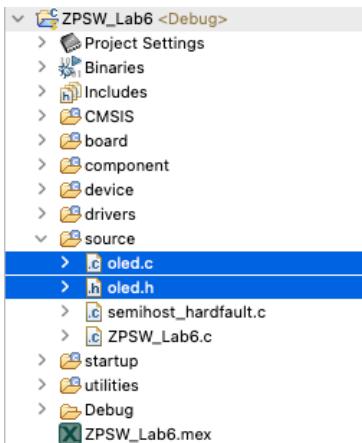
Then click *Update Code* to generate the I2C configuration code.

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## 5. Digital thermometer I2C

### II. Graphic display

1. Add the OLED display library to the project (drag files to workspace):



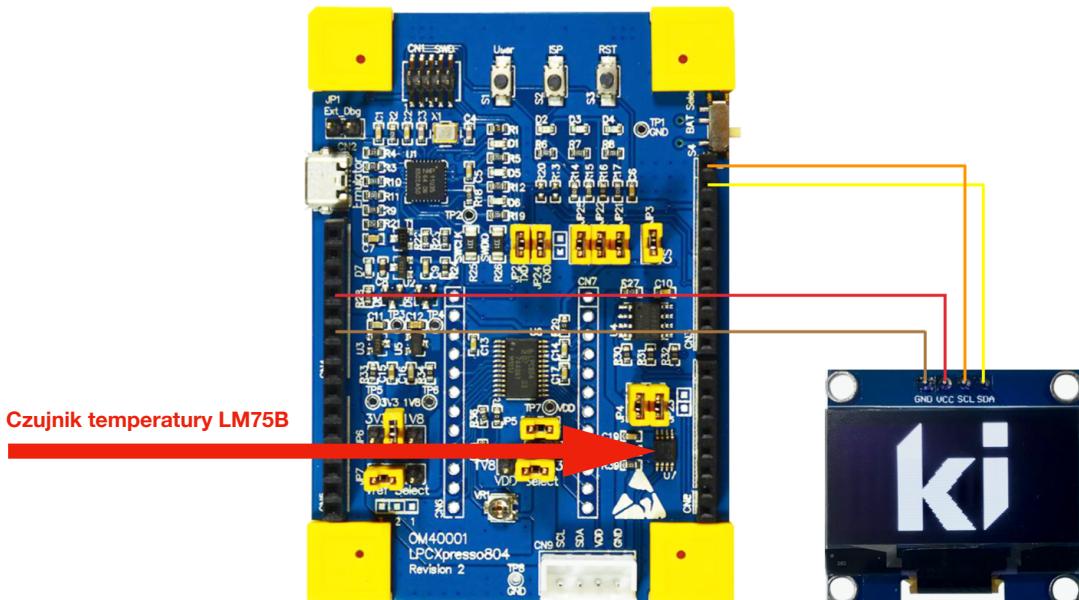
2. Go to the main project file and modify the code as below:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "board.h"
#include "peripherals.h"
#include "pin_mux.h"
#include "clock_config.h"
#include "LPC804.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include "oled.h"

/*
 * @brief Application entry point.
 */
int main(void) {
    /* Init board hardware. */
    BOARD_InitBootPins();
    BOARD_InitBootClocks();
    BOARD_InitBootPeripherals();
#ifndef BOARD_INIT_DEBUG_CONSOLE_PERIPHERAL
    /* Init FSL debug console. */
    BOARD_InitDebugConsole();
#endif
    /* Initialize OLED */
    OLED_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);
    OLED_Draw_Bitmap(LogoKI);
    OLED_Refresh_Gram();

    while(1) {
    }
    return 0 ;
}
```

3. Connect the display to the prototype board according to the diagram below:



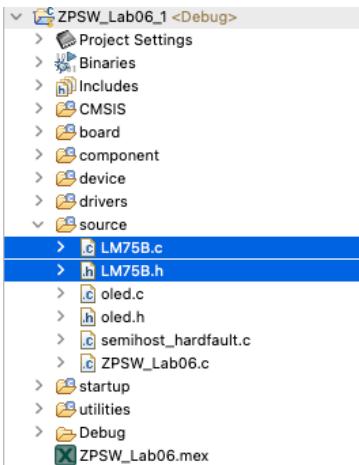
# Programming of embedded systems

## 5. Digital thermometer I2C

4. Build a project, program the microcontroller and check the operation.

### III. LM75B library

1. Create thermometer library files. To do this, right-click on the source folder in workspace and then select *New-> Header File* and name it *LM75B.h*.
2. Similarly, by right-clicking on the source folder in workspace, select *New-> Source File* and name it *LM75B.c*:



3. Go to the *LM75.h* file and add the code:

```
#ifndef LM75B_H_
#define LM75B_H_

#include "fsl_i2c.h"

#define LM75_REG_TEMP (0x00) // Temperature Register
#define LM75_REG_CONF (0x01) // Configuration Register
#define LM75_ADDR      (0x48) // LM75 address

void LM75B_Init(I2C_Type *base);
float LM75B_Read();

#endif /* LM75B_H_ */
```

4. Go to the *LM75.c* file and add the code:

```
#include "LM75B.h"

static I2C_Type *I2C_base=NULL;

void LM75B_Init(I2C_Type *base) {
    I2C_base=base;
    char data_write[2];
    data_write[0] = LM75_REG_CONF;
    data_write[1] = 0x02;
    if (kStatus_Success == I2C_MasterStart(I2C_base, LM75_ADDR, kI2C_Write)) {
        I2C_MasterWriteBlocking(I2C_base, &data_write[0], 2, kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag);
        I2C_MasterStop(I2C_base);
    }
}

float LM75B_Read() {
    char data_read[2];
    char data_write[1];
    float temp;
    int16_t v;
    data_write[0] = LM75_REG_TEMP;
    if (kStatus_Success == I2C_MasterStart(I2C_base, LM75_ADDR, kI2C_Write)) {
        I2C_MasterWriteBlocking(I2C_base, &data_write[0], 1, kI2C_TransferNoStopFlag);
```

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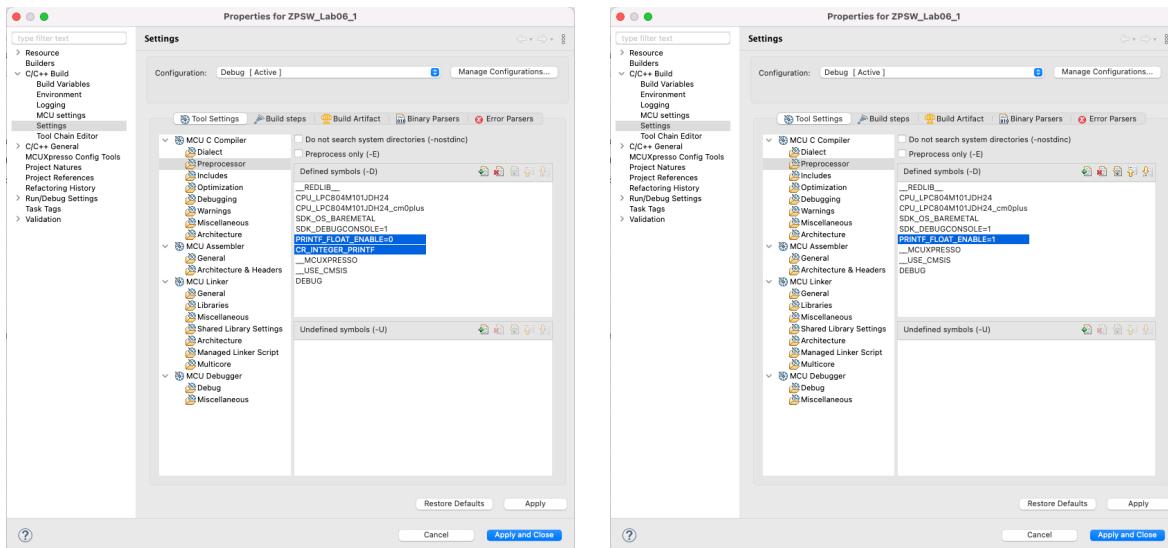
```
I2C_MasterRepeatedStart(I2C_base, LM75_ADDR, KI2C_Read);
I2C_MasterReadBlocking(I2C_base, &data_read[0], 2, KI2C_TransferDefaultFlag);

I2C_MasterStop(I2C_base);
}

v= (data_read[0] << 8) | data_read[1];
temp = v / 256.0; // temperature value in Celsius

return temp;
}
```

5. Go to project settings. Right-click on the project name, select *Properties* and then *Settings -> Preprocessor*. Change the *PRINTF\_FLOAT\_ENABLE* flag to 1 and remove the *CR\_INTEGER\_PRINTF* flag:



6. Go to the main program file and modify the code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "board.h"
#include "peripherals.h"
#include "pin_mux.h"
#include "clock_config.h"
#include "LPC804.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include "oled.h"
#include "LM75B.h"

char sbuff[32];
float temp;

/*
 * @brief Application entry point.
 */
int main(void) {

    /* Init board hardware. */
    BOARD_InitBootPins();
    BOARD_InitBootClocks();
    BOARD_InitBootPeripherals();
#ifndef BOARD_INIT_DEBUG_CONSOLE_PERIPHERAL
    /* Init FSL debug console. */
    BOARD_InitDebugConsole();
#endif

    /* Initialize OLED */
    OLED_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);
    OLED_Draw_Bitmap(LogoKI);
    OLED_Refresh_Gram();

    /* Initialize LM75 */
    LM75B_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);

    while(1) {
        OLED_Clear_Screen();
        temp = LM75B_Read();
        sprintf(sbuff, "t: %.3f C", temp);
    }
}
```

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## 5. Digital thermometer I2C

```
        OLED_Puts(0,0, sbuff);
        OLED_Refresh_Gram();
    }
    return 0 ;
}
```

- Build the project, program the chip and check the temperature reading (you can gently touch the LM75B chip to change the temperature).

### IV. Simple GUI

- Add a 7-segment display simulation for temperature display:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "board.h"
#include "peripherals.h"
#include "pin_mux.h"
#include "clock_config.h"
#include "LPC804.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include "oled.h"
#include "LM75B.h"

char sbuff[32];
float temp;

/*
 * @brief Application entry point.
 */
int main(void) {
    /* Init board hardware. */
    BOARD_InitBootPins();
    BOARD_InitBootClocks();
    BOARD_InitBootPeripherals();
#ifndef BOARD_INIT_DEBUG_CONSOLE_PERIPHERAL
    /* Init FSL debug console. */
    BOARD_InitDebugConsole();
#endif

    /* Initialize OLED */
    OLED_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);

    /* Initialize LM75 */
    LM75B_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);

    while(1) {
        temp = LM75B_Read();

        OLED_Clear_Screen(0);

        OLED_7segf(0, 4, temp, 4, 1, 1);
        OLED_Puts(105, 1, "C");
        OLED_Refresh_Gram();
    }
    return 0 ;
}
```

- Build the project, program the chip and check the temperature reading.
- Add a bargraph:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "board.h"
#include "peripherals.h"
#include "pin_mux.h"
#include "clock_config.h"
#include "LPC804.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include "oled.h"
#include "LM75B.h"

char sbuff[32];
float temp;

#define T_MIN      0
#define T_MAX      40

void Bargraph(uint8_t x, uint8_t y, uint8_t w, uint8_t h, float min, float max, float v) {
    if(v<min) {
        v=min;
    }
    if(v>max) {
        v=max;
    }
}
```

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```
v = ((v-min)*w)/(max-min);

    OLED_Draw_Rect(x , y, x+w-1, y+h-1, 1);
    OLED_Draw_Fill_Rect(x+2, y+2, x+v-3 , y+h-3, 1);
}

/*
 * @brief Application entry point.
 */
int main(void) {

    /* Init board hardware. */
    BOARD_InitBootPins();
    BOARD_InitBootClocks();
    BOARD_InitBootPeripherals();
#ifndef BOARD_INIT_DEBUG_CONSOLE_PERIPHERAL
    /* Init FSL debug console. */
    BOARD_InitDebugConsole();
#endif

    /* Initialize OLED */
    OLED_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);

    /* Initialize LM75 */
    LM75B_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);

    while(1) {
        temp = LM75B_Read();

        OLED_Clear_Screen(0);

        OLED_7segf(0, 4, temp, 4, 1, 1);
        OLED_Puts(105, 1, "C");

        Bargraph(0, 45, 128, 8, T_MIN, T_MAX, temp);

        sprintf(sbuff, "%d", T_MIN);
        OLED_Puts(0, 7, sbuff);
        sprintf(sbuff, "%d", T_MAX);
        OLED_Puts(110, 7, sbuff);

        OLED_Refesh_Gram();
    }
    return 0 ;
}
```

4. Build the project, program the chip and check the temperature reading.

### V. Exercises

1. Check barograph indications for different ranges  $T_{MIN}$  and  $T_{MAX}$ .
2. Implement a moving average filter a certain number of measurements given by the equation:

$$y(n) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} x(n - k) \text{ dla } n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

in *FilterAVG* function:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "board.h"
#include "peripherals.h"
#include "pin_mux.h"
#include "clock_config.h"
#include "LPC804.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include "oled.h"
#include "LM75B.h"

char sbuff[32];
float temp;

#define T_MIN      0
#define T_MAX      40
#define N 16

float FilterAVG(float x) {
    [REDACTED]
```

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```
void Bargraph(uint8_t x, uint8_t y, uint8_t w, uint8_t h, float min, float max, float v) {  
    if(v<min) {  
        v=min;  
    }  
    if(v>max) {  
        v=max;  
    }  
    v = ((v-min)*w)/(max-min);  
    OLED_Draw_Rect(x , y, x+w-1, y+h-1, 1);  
    OLED_Draw_Fill_Rect(x+2, y+2, x+v-3 , y+h-3, 1);  
}  
  
/*  
 * @brief Application entry point.  
 */  
int main(void) {  
    /* Init board hardware. */  
    BOARD_InitBootPins();  
    BOARD_InitBootClocks();  
    BOARD_InitBootPeripherals();  
#ifndef BOARD_INIT_DEBUG_CONSOLE_PERIPHERAL  
    /* Init FSL debug console. */  
    BOARD_InitDebugConsole();  
#endif  
    /* Initialize OLED */  
    OLED_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);  
  
    /* Initialize LM75 */  
    LM75B_Init(I2C0_PERIPHERAL);  
  
    while(1) {  
        temp = LM75B_Read();  
        temp = FilterAVG(temp);  
  
        OLED_Clear_Screen(0);  
        OLED_7segf(0, 4, temp, 4, 1, 1);  
        OLED_Puts(105, 1, "C");  
        Bargraph(0, 45, 128, 8, T_MIN, T_MAX, temp);  
        sprintf(sbuff, "%d", T_MIN);  
        OLED_Puts(0, 7, sbuff);  
        sprintf(sbuff, "%d", T_MAX);  
        OLED_Puts(110, 7, sbuff);  
        OLED_Refesh_Gram();  
    }  
    return 0 ;  
}
```