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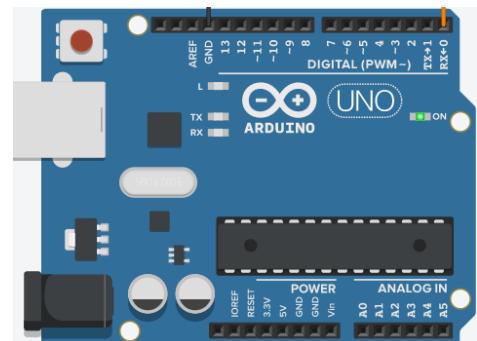
TEACHING ONLINE ELECTRONICS, MICROCONTROLLERS AND PROGRAMMING  
IN HIGHER EDUCATION

# Module\_1-5. Keypad 4x4

*Arduino Uno with Tinkercad*

# Contents

- Keypad 4x4 layout
- Programming functions for the Arduino Uno
- Example



# *Module\_1-5. Keypad 4x4*

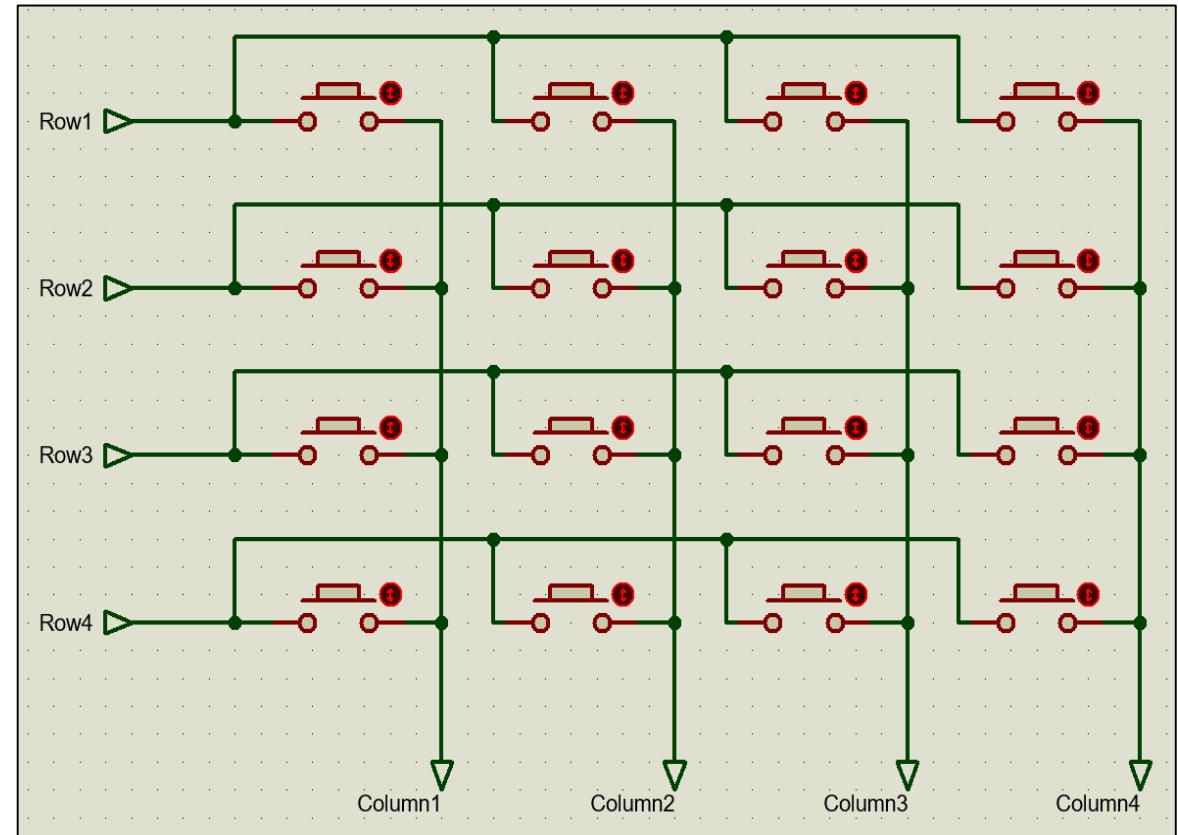
## *Keypad layout*

A keypad 4x4, consists of:

- 4 columns
- 4 rows
- 16 keys



Keypad 4x4



Pinout of Keypad 4x4

1. <https://www.electronicwings.com/sensors-modules/4x4-keypad-module>
2. <https://www.circuitbasics.com/how-to-set-up-a-keypad-on-an-arduino/>

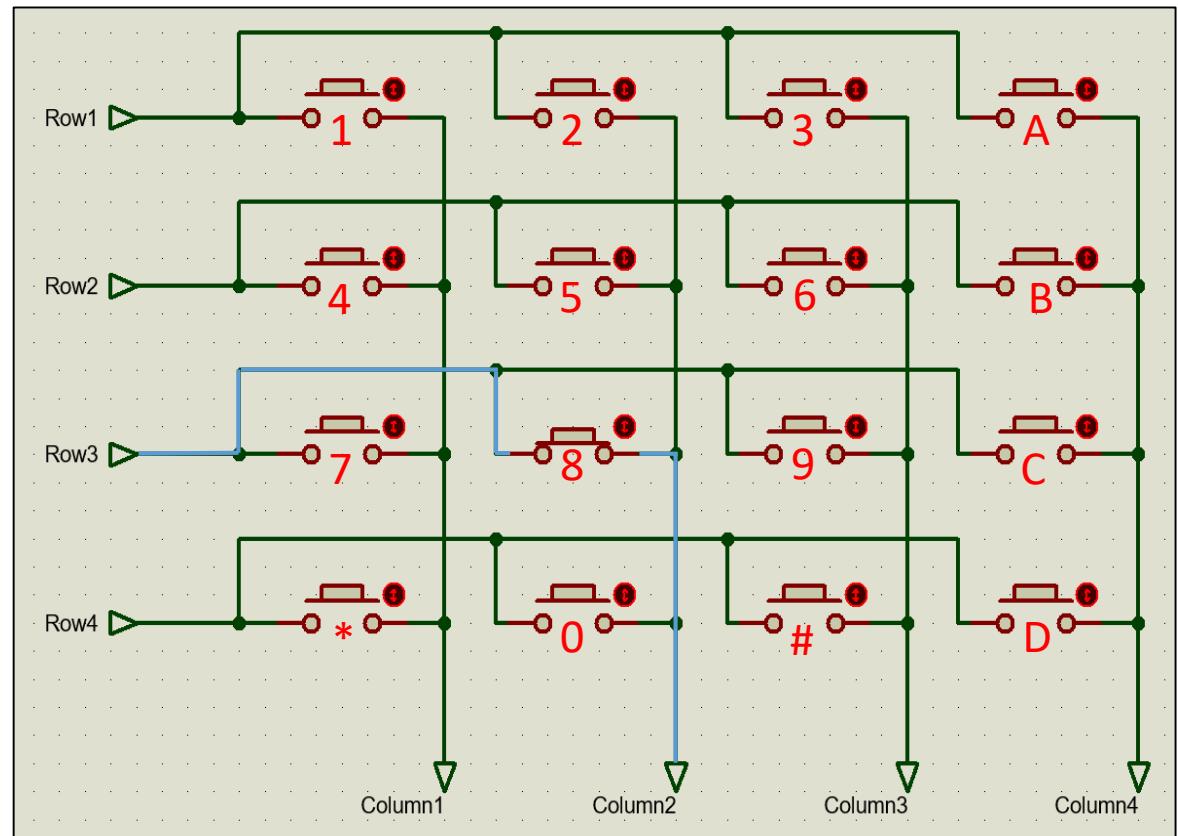
## *Module\_1-5. Keypad 4x4 Keypad layout*

The keypad rows go to the input pins of the Arduino Uno with the pull-up resistors activated.

Keypad columns go to Arduino Uno output pins.

The Arduino Uno sends sequential signals to the columns, and reads the rows.

For example: if 8 is pressed, row 3 will be connected with column 2.



Pinout of Keypad 4x4

1. <https://www.electronicwings.com/sensors-modules/4x4-keypad-module>
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## *Module\_1-5. Keypad 4x4 Programming functions*

Functions that can be used on the Arduino Uno as we have seen :

- `pinMode(pin, value)`, `delay(value)`, `millis()`
- `digitalRead(pin)`, `digitalWrite(pin, value)`
- `lcd.begin(cols, rows)`, `lcd.print()`

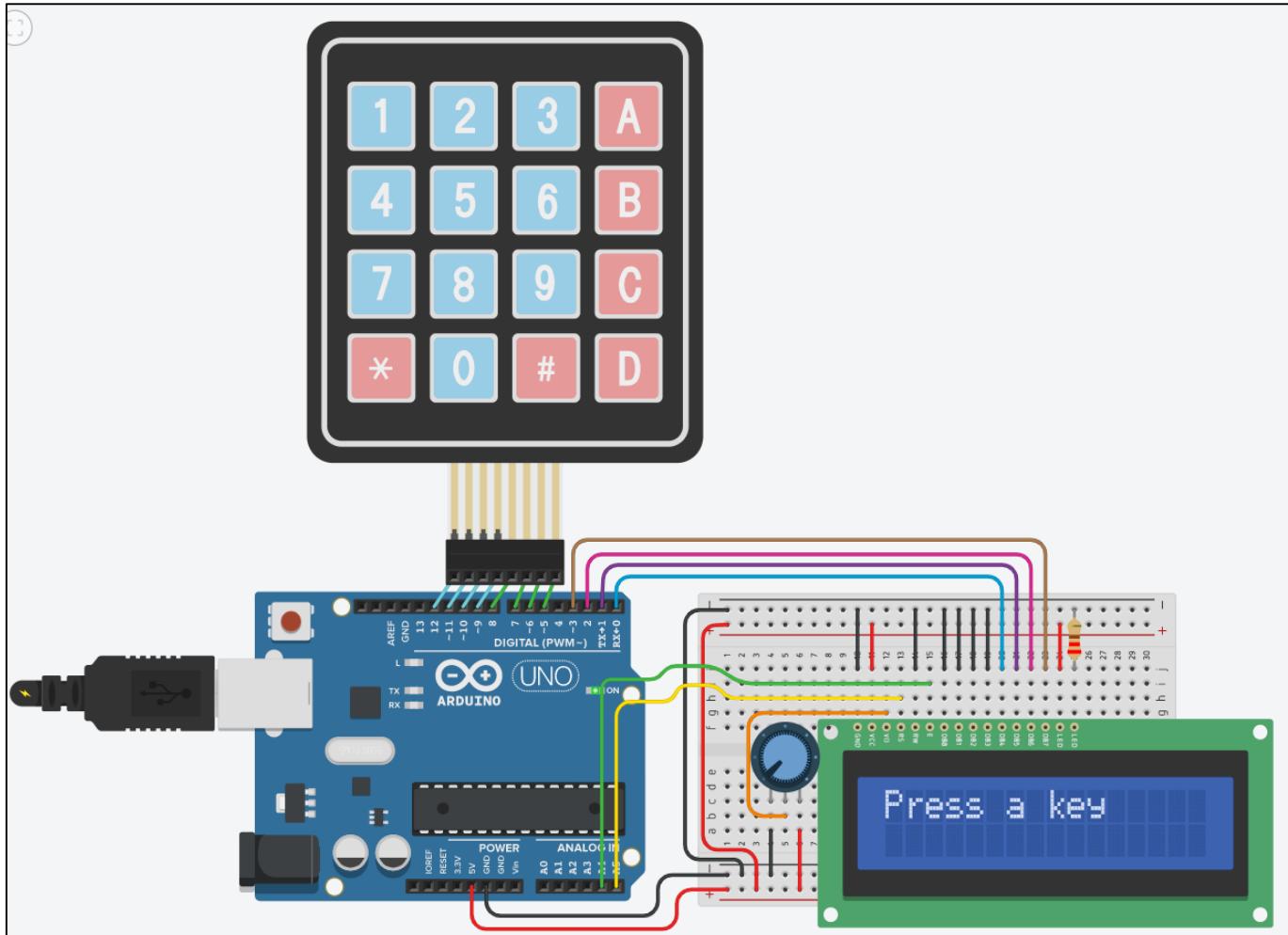
New functions :

- `keypad.waitForKey()`: the program stays here until a key is pressed. The function then returns the key character
- `keypad.getKey()`: if a key is pressed, it returns its character

1. <https://playground.arduino.cc/Code/Keypad/>
2. <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Reference/LiquidCrystal>

# *Module\_1-5. Keypad 4x4 Example*

The example uses a keypad 4x4 and a LCD 16x2 to display the key that pressed



Circuit connections

# *Module\_1-5. Keypad 4x4 Example*

The code:

```
/* Keypad and LCD

Circuit Connections:
** LCD
  Ground      => Gnd
  Power        => Vcc
  Contrast     => Potentiometer
  RS           => PIN_0
  RW           => Gnd
  E            =>
  DB0          => Gnd
  DB1          => Gnd
  DB2          => Gnd
  DB3          => Gnd
  DB4          => PIN_2
  DB5          => PIN_3
  DB6          => PIN_4
  DB7          => PIN_5
  LED Anode   => Vcc
  LED Cathode  => Resistor 220Ω => Gnd
** Potentiometer1
  Terminal 1  => Gnd
  Wiper        => LCD_Contrast
  Terminal 2  => Vcc
**Keypad
  PIN_5        => Column4
  PIN_6        => Column3
  PIN_7        => Column2
  PIN_8        => Column1
  PIN_9        => Row4
  PIN_10       => Row3
  PIN_11       => Row2
  PIN_12       => Row1
*/

```

```
//include the library
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>

#define RS A5           //give the name "RS" to PIN_A5
#define EN A4           //give the name "EN" to PIN_A4
#define DB4 0            //give the name "DB4" to PIN_0
#define DB5 1            //give the name "DB5" to PIN_1
#define DB6 2            //give the name "DB6" to PIN_2
#define DB7 3            //give the name "DB7" to PIN_3

//configure the Arduino Uno - LCD interface
LiquidCrystal lcd(RS, EN, DB4, DB5, DB6, DB7);

//inlcude the library
#include <Keypad.h>

const byte cols = 4; //four columns
const byte rows = 4; //four rows

//keypad output
char keys[rows][cols] = {
  {'1','2','3','A'},
  {'4','5','6','B'},
  {'7','8','9','C'},
  {'*','0','#','D'}
};
```

```
//configure the Arduino Uno - Keypad interface
byte row_pins[] = {12,11,10,9}; //pins connect to the rows
byte col_pins[] = {8, 7, 6, 5}; //pins connect to the columns
Keypad keypad = Keypad(makeKeymap(keys), row_pins,
  col_pins, rows, cols);

//variable to save keypad's characters
char key;

//The setup() function initializes and sets the initial values
//It will only run once after each power up or reset
void setup(){
  //configure the LCD's columns and rows
  lcd.begin(16, 2);
  //print a message
  lcd.print("Press a key");
}

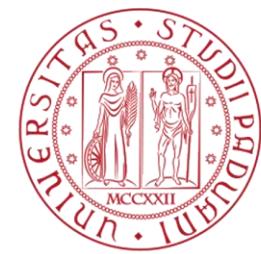
//loops consecutively
void loop(){
  //wait until a key is pressed
  key=keypad.waitForKey();
  //clear the LCD and print the key
  lcd.clear();
  lcd.print(key);
}
```

## ENGINE Partnership

- Warsaw University of Technology (PL) - *coordinator*
- IHU - International Hellenic University (GR)
- EDUMOTIVA - European Lab for Educational Technology (GR)
- University of Padova (IT)
- University of Applied Sciences in Tarnow (PL)



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